REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE LOGAN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE LOGAN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2004

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the audit of the Logan County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. We have issued an unqualified opinion on the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information.

Financial Condition:

The county had total net assets of \$4,730,355 as of June 30, 2004. The fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$2,714,518 in its governmental activities as of June 30, 2004, with total net assets of \$4,703,045. In its enterprise fund, total net cash and cash equivalents were \$19,455 with total net assets of \$27,310. Total debt principal as of June 30, 2004, was \$4,737,208 with \$137,553 due within the next year.

Report Comments:

- The Fiscal Court Should Repay The Jail Canteen Fund \$188 For Inmate Medical Treatment
- The Fiscal Court Should Repay The Jail Canteen Fund \$1,990 For Inmate Hygiene Products

Deposits:

As of June 30, 2004, the fiscal court's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

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CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
Robbie Rudolph, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable John H. Guion, III, Logan County Judge/Executive
Members of the Logan County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Logan County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Logan County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, Logan County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Logan County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

The county has elected to implement Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements 33, 34 and 37, as they relate to the modified cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1, which has altered the format and content of the basic financial statements.



TELEPHONE 502.573.0050

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
Robbie Rudolph, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable John H. Guion, III, Logan County Judge/Executive
Members of the Logan County Fiscal Court

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Logan County, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information and combining fund financial statements are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated July 6, 2005, on our consideration of Logan County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the schedule of comments and recommendations, included herein, which discusses the following report comments:

- The Fiscal Court Should Repay The Jail Canteen Fund \$188 For Inmate Medical Treatment
- The Fiscal Court Should Repay The Jail Canteen Fund \$1,990 For Inmate Hygiene Products

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

Audit fieldwork completed - July 6, 2005

LOGAN COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

Fiscal Court Members:

John H. Guion, III County Judge/Executive

Harold Prince Magistrate
Curtis Watkins Magistrate
Dickie Carter Magistrate
Ranny Adler Magistrate
Jo Orange Magistrate
Harris Dockins Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

Thomas A. Noe, III County Attorney

Bill Jenkins Jailer

Kenny M. Chapman County Clerk

Sherry Wilkins Circuit Court Clerk

Wallace Whittaker Sheriff

Ben Brown Property Valuation Administrator

Jackie Dunlap Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Elaine Jenkins County Treasurer
Karen Taylor Finance Officer

Office Of
Logan County - Judge Executive
John H. Guion III



Courthouse Russellville, Kentucky 42276 Telephone 270-726-3116

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2004

The financial management of Logan County, Kentucky offers readers of Logan County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Logan County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with other information that we have furnished in our financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Highlights.

- Logan County had net assets of \$4,730,355 as of June 30, 2004. The fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$2,714,518 in the governmental activities as of June 30, 2004, with total net assets of \$4,703,045. In the enterprise fund, cash and cash equivalents were \$19,455 with total net assets of \$27,310. Total debt for governmental activities as of June 30, 2004 was \$4,737,208 with \$137,553 due within one year.
- The governmental activities total net assets increased by \$1,146,213 from the prior year. This increase is primarily due to revenue gain attributed to implementation of an occupational/net profits tax in October 2003.
- As the close of the current fiscal year, Logan County governmental funds reported current assets of \$2,714,518. Of this amount, \$2,471,751 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- Logan County's total indebtedness at the close of fiscal year June 30, 2004 was \$4,737,208, of which \$4,599,655 is long-term debt (due after 1 year) and \$137,553 is short-term debt (to be paid within 1 year). Debt additions were \$0, and debt reductions were \$209,360 for a net decrease of \$209,360 for the year.

Overview of the Financial Statements.

This management discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Logan County's basic financial statements. Logan County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

GASB 34 requires management to include certain comparison schedules when they are available. The schedules do not include prior and current comparisons of general revenues by major source, and program expenses by function. This is the first year of implementation and these comparisons will be presented next year.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Logan County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Assets* presents information on Logan County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Logan County is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported on a modified cash basis of accounting. Basis of accounting is a reference to when financial events are recorded, such as timing for recognizing revenues, expenses, and related assets and liabilities.

Under the county's modified cash basis of accounting, revenues and expenses and related assets and liabilities are recorded when they result from a cash transaction, except for the recording of depreciation expenses on capital assets in the government-wide financial statements for all activities and in the fund financial statements for the proprietary fund activities.

As a result of the use of the modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as amounts billed for services provided, but not collected) and accounts payable (expenses for goods and services received but not paid) or compensated absences are not recorded.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). Logan County's governmental activities include general government, protection to persons and property, roads, recreation, social services, airport, debt service, capital projects, and administration. Logan County has one business type activity—Jail Canteen.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Logan County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with legal and statutory requirements. All of the funds of Logan County can be divided into broad categories: *governmental funds and proprietary funds*.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's current financing requirements.

Because focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's current financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund **Governmental Funds (Continued).**

statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Logan County maintains (11) eleven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately for the major funds and combined for the non-major governmental in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

Major Funds:

- General Fund
- Road and Bridge Fund
- Jail Fund
- Occupational Tax/Net Profit Tax Fund
- Public Hospital Corporation Fund
- Public Properties Corporation Fund

Non-major Funds:

- Local Government Economic Assistance Fund
- Community Development Block Grant Fund
- Solid Waste/Recycling Fund
- Life Skills Revolving Loan Fund
- 911 Fund

Logan County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds except for the Public Properties Corporation Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, Jail Fund, Occupational Tax/Net Profits Tax Fund, and Public Hospital Corporation Fund to demonstrate compliance with their budgets.

Proprietary Funds. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for Logan County's Enterprise fund.

Enterprise Fund:

Jail Canteen Fund - The Jailer maintains this enterprise fund to account for the sale of snacks, sodas, and other items to inmates.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Net Assets. As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

Net Assets (Continued).

Table 1 Logan County's Net Assets *For Period Ending June 30, 2004*

	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
	2004	2004	2004
Assets			
Current and			
other assets	\$2,714,518	\$19,455	\$2,733,973
Capital assets	6,725,735	7,855	6,733,590
Total Assets	9,440,253	27,310	9,467,563
Liabilities			
Current and			
other liabilities	137,553	0	137,553
Long-term liabilities			
	<u>4,599,655</u>	0	<u>4,599,655</u>
Total liabilities	4,737,208	0	4,737,208
Net Assets			
Invested in capital			
assets, net of related			
debt	1,988,527	7,855	1,996,382
Restricted	0	0	0
Unrestricted	2,714,518	19,455	2,733,973
Total Net			
Assets	\$ <u>4,703,045</u>	\$ <u>27,310</u>	\$ <u>4,730,355</u>

Changes in Net Assets.

Governmental Activities. Logan County's net assets increased by \$1,146,213 in fiscal year 2004. Key elements of this are as follows:

- Current Assets Increased \$581,567. Due To Increased Tax Revenue and Conservative Spending.
- Investment in Capital Assets And Infrastructure. Net of Related Debt Increased \$564,646
 Primarily Due To Logan County's Paying Down Existing Debt While Purchasing New Capital Assets Without Incurring New Debt.
- Current and Long Term Liabilities Decreased By \$209,360. Due to Payment of Principal on Debt.
- General Revenues Were \$3,386,588 And Total Revenues Were \$7,468,813 As Reflected In The Statement of Activities.
- Expenditures Totaled \$6,322,600 As Reflected In The Statement of Activities.

* In subsequent years, this chart will compare the previous year's Net Assets to those of the year being audited. Since this is the first year Logan County has prepared Financial Statements following GASB Statement 34, comparisons are not available.

Changes In Net Assets (Continued).

Business-type Activities. Logan County's net assets decreased by \$3,919 in fiscal year 2004. Key elements are as follows:

- Current Assets And Cash Decreased By \$11,774.
- Investment in Capital And Infrastructure Net of Related Debt Increased By \$7,855.
- Total Revenue Were \$112,909 As Reflected In The Statement of Activities.
- Expenditures Totaled \$116,828 As Reflected In The Statement of Activities.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds.

As noted earlier, Logan County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with legal and statutory requirements.

Governmental Funds Overview. The focus of Logan County governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of June 2004 fiscal year, the combined ending fund balances of County governmental funds were \$2,714,518. Approximately 91% (\$2,471,751) of this consists of unreserved fund balance, which is available as working capital and for current spending in accordance with the purposes of the specific funds. The remainder of fund balance (\$242,767) has been encumbered at year-end.

The County has (6) six major governmental, and (5) non-major funds.

Major Funds

- General Fund
- Road and Bridge Fund
- Jail Fund
- Occupational Tax/Net Profit Tax Fund
- Public Hospital Corporation Fund
- Public Properties Corporation Fund

Non-major Funds

- Local Government Economic Assistance Fund
- Community Development Block Grant Fund
- Solid Waste/Recycling Fund
- Life Skills Revolving Loan Fund
- 911 Fund

1. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Logan County. At the end of June 30, 2004 fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$176,114. The County received \$1,322,936 in real and personal property, motor vehicle, and other taxes for approximately 44% of the county's general revenues. Logan County received \$1,492,627 in intergovernmental revenues, which

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds (Continued).

Governmental Funds Overview (Continued).

- accounts for approximately 49% of the County's revenue. Various other service fees and miscellaneous revenues contribute to the remaining 7% of revenues.
- 2. The Road and Bridge Fund is the fund related to County road and bridge construction and maintenance. The Road and Bridge Fund had a \$536,184 fund balance at June 30, 2004. The fiscal year 2004 expenditures for Road and Bridge Fund were \$1,723,408.
- 3. The Jail Fund is used to account for the operation of the County's detention program. The Jail Fund had a balance at June 30, 2004 of \$77,558. The Jail Fund received \$572,510 for intergovernmental fees, primarily for housing prisoners. The General Fund contributed \$1,271,000 to the jail operations.
- 4. The Occupational Tax/Net Profit Tax Fund is used to account for the collection and distribution of occupational and net profit taxes collected. The Occupational Tax/Net Profit Tax Fund had a fund balance at June 30, 2004 of \$327,346.
- 5. The Logan County Public Hospital Corporation Fund had a fund balance of \$903,066 as of June 30, 2004.
- 6. The Logan County Public Properties Corporation Fund had a fund balance of \$448,563 as of June 30, 2004.
- 7. The Local Government Economic Assistance Fund had a fund balance of \$3,138, a decrease of \$16,503 over the previous fiscal year end.
- 8. The Community Development Block Grant Fund had a fund balance of \$0 as of June 30, 2004.
- 9. The Solid Waste/Recycling Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures related to Logan County's solid waste and recycling activities. The Solid Waste/Recycling Fund had a fund balance of \$78,486 as of June 30, 2004.
- 10. The Life Skills Revolving Loan Fund had a fund balance of \$15,068 as of June 30, 2004.
- 11. The 911 Fund is used to account for 911 related fees and taxes as well as 911 related expenditures. The 911 Fund had a fund balance of \$42,566 as of June 30, 2004.

Proprietary Funds Overview. The County's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail.

Logan County has (1) one enterprise-type proprietary fund:

Jail Canteen Fund

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds (Continued).

Proprietary Funds Overview. (Continued)

The Jail Canteen Fund's unrestricted net assets at the end of June 30, 2004 fiscal year, amounted to \$19,455 and total assets were \$27,310.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights.

Logan County's general fund budget was amended by \$222,929 during the fiscal year; however, budgetary transfers of \$1,355,796 were made to other funds.

Actual revenues were \$64,667 under the budget. This variance was due to less Intergovernmental Revenue and estimates were conservative for anticipated expenditures. Expenditures on some grants were not reimbursed until after the end of the fiscal year, and the interest on investments remains depressed.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration.

Capital Assets. Logan County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2004, amount to \$6,733,590 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure.

Major capital asset events during the 2004 fiscal year included the continued construction of roads and bridges as well as the purchase of heavy equipment for road operations, and the purchase of several vehicles for various departments.

Additional information of the County's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of this report.

Table 2
Logan County's Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation
Governmental Business-type
Activities Activities Total

	Activities	Activities	Total
	2004	2004	2004
Infrastructure Assets	\$540,208	\$ 0	\$540,208
Land & Land Improvements	364,584		364,584
Buildings	4,874,500		4,874,500

Vehicles	262,966		262,966
Equipment	<u>683,477</u>	<u>7,855</u>	691,332
Total Net Capital Assets	\$ <u>6,725,735</u>	\$ <u>7,855</u>	\$ <u>6,733,590</u>

Capital Assets and Debt Administration. (Continued).

Long-Term Debt. At the end of the 2004 fiscal year, Logan County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$4,680,000 from General Obligation Bonds. The County has (1) one financing obligation totaling \$57,208.

Other Matters. The following factors are expected to have a significant effect on the County's financial position or results of operations and were taken into account in developing the 2005 fiscal year budget:

- The 2005 Fiscal Year Adopted Budget Continues Most Services At Current Levels.
- Program Cuts At The State Level, Particularly Relating To The Cost Of Housing Prisoners, May Have A Negative Impact On Funding For County Programs.
- Economic Factors Indicate Continued Growth For Logan County.

Requests For Information.

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Logan County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Logan County Judge/Executive, P.O. Box 365, Russellville, Ky. 42276.

LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2004

LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2004

	Primary Government					
	Governmental	Business-Type				
	Activities	Activities	Totals			
ASSETS	_					
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,714,518	\$ 19,455	\$ 2,733,973			
Total Current Assets	2,714,518	19,455	2,733,973			
Noncurrent Assets:						
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated						
Depreciation						
Land	364,584		364,584			
Buildings	4,874,500		4,874,500			
Vehicles	262,966		262,966			
Equipment	683,477	7,855	691,332			
Infrastructure Assets - Net						
of Depreciation	540,208		540,208			
Total Noncurrent Assets	6,725,735	7,855	6,733,590			
Total Assets	9,440,253	27,310	9,467,563			
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Bonds Payable	130,000		130,000			
Financing Obligations Payable	7,553		7,553			
Total Current Liabilities	137,553		137,553			
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Bonds Payable	4,550,000		4,550,000			
Financing Obligations Payable	49,655		49,655			
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	4,599,655		4,599,655			
Total Liabilities	4,737,208		4,737,208			
NET ASSETS						
Invested in Capital Assets,						
Net of Related Debt	1,988,527	7,855	1,996,382			
Unrestricted	2,714,518	19,455	2,733,973			
Total Net Assets	\$ 4,703,045	\$ 27,310	\$ 4,730,355			



LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

			Program Revenues Received				ed		
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$	2,813,708	\$	23,314	\$	1,277,993	\$	221,325	
Protection to Persons and Property		1,831,662		491,826		265,576			
General Health and Sanitation		214,320		85,905					
Social Services		43,011							
Recreation and Culture		15,740							
Roads		751,815				192,240		1,524,046	
Airports		17,166							
Interest on Long and Short Term Debt		241,980							
Capital Projects		393,198							
Total Governmental Activities		6,322,600		601,045		1,735,809		1,745,371	
Business-type Activities:									
Jail Canteen		116,828		112,466					
Total Business-type Activities		116,828		112,466					
Total Primary Government	\$	6,439,428	\$	713,511	\$	1,735,809	\$	1,745,371	

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Real Property Taxes
Personal Property Taxes
Motor Vehicle Taxes
Occupational/Net Profit Taxes
Other Taxes
In-Lieu of Tax
Miscellaneous Revenues
Telephone Commissions
Reimbursements
Interest Received
Loss on Disposal of Property

Total General Revenues Change in Net Assets Net Assets - Beginning (Restated)

Net Assets - Ending

LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

and Changes in Net Assets Primary Government							
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals					
\$ (1,291,076)		\$ (1,291,076)					
(1,074,260)		(1,074,260)					
(128,415)		(128,415)					
(43,011)		(43,011)					
(15,740)		(15,740)					
964,471		964,471					
(17,166)		(17,166)					
(241,980)		(241,980)					
(393,198)		(393,198)					
(2,240,375)		(2,240,375)					
(=,= : =,= : =)		(=,= : =,= : =)					
	(4,362)	(4,362)					
	(4,362)	(4,362)					
\$ (2,240,375)	\$ (4,362)	\$ (2,244,737)					
747,028		747,028					
153,709		153,709					
135,176		135,176					
1,318,210		1,318,210					
630,365		630,365					
157,752		157,752					
107,199		107,199					
30,570		30,570					
35,660	4.42	35,660					
71,269	443	71,712					
(350)		(350)					
3,386,588	443	3,387,031					
1,146,213	(3,919)	1,142,294					
3,556,832	31,229	3,588,061					
\$ 4,703,045	\$ 27,310	\$ 4,730,355					



LOGAN COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2004

LOGAN COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2004

	(General Fund	Bri	Road And idge Fund		Jail Fund	Oce	cupational Tax Fund	I	Public Hospital rporation Fund
ASSETS										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	282,543	\$	536,184	\$	77,558	\$	327,346	\$	903,066
Total Assets	\$	282,543	\$	536,184	\$	77,558	\$	327,346	\$	903,066
FUND BALANCES										
Reserved for: Encumbrances Unreserved:	\$	106,429	\$	62,113	\$	49,615	\$	618	\$	
General Fund Special Revenue Funds Debt Service Fund		176,114		474,071		27,943		326,728		903,066
Total Fund Balances	<u> </u>	282,543	<u> </u>	536,184	<u> </u>	77,558	<u> </u>	327,346	<u> </u>	903,066

LOGAN COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2004 (Continued)

	Public Properties Corporation Fund		Non- Major Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	448,563	\$	139,258	\$	2,714,518	
Total Assets	\$	448,563	\$	139,258	\$	2,714,518	
FUND BALANCES Reserved for: Encumbrances Unreserved:	\$		\$	23,992	\$	242,767	
General Fund Special Revenue Funds Debt Service Fund		448,563		115,266		176,114 1,847,074 448,563	
Total Fund Balances	\$	448,563	\$	139,258	\$	2,714,518	

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

Total Fund Balances	\$ 2,714,518
Amounts Reported For Governmental Activities In The Statement	
Of Net Assets Are Different Because:	
Capital Assets Used in Governmental Activities Are Not Financial Resources	
And Therefore Are Not Reported in the Funds.	9,849,650
Accumulated Depreciation	(3,123,915)
Long-term debt is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported	
in the funds.	
Due Within One Year - Bonds and Financing Obligations Principal	(137,553)
Due In More Than One Year - Bonds and Financing Obligations Principal	(4,599,655)
Net Assets Of Governmental Activities	\$ 4,703,045



LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

		General Fund	Road And Bridge Fund	 Jail Fund	cupational Tax/Net Profit Tax Fund
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$	1,322,936	\$	\$	\$ 1,318,210
In Lieu Tax Payments		157,752			, ,
Licenses and Permits		5,314			
Intergovernmental		1,492,627	1,716,286	572,510	
Charges for Services				33,566	
Miscellaneous		39,625	1,367	38,671	10,065
Interest		16,209	19,082	805	598
Total Revenues	_	3,034,463	1,736,735	 645,552	1,328,873
EXPENDITURES					
General Government		1,862,413	305		54,456
Protection to Persons and Property		189,605		1,274,971	,
General Health and Sanitation		18,878		, ,	
Social Services		34,386			
Recreation and Culture					
Roads			1,230,993		
Airports					
Debt Service		9,425	434		
Capital Projects			303,873		
Administration		238,210	187,803	 244,350	3,571
Total Expenditures		2,352,917	1,723,408	 1,519,321	 58,027
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Expenditures Before Transfers and					
Financing Sources (Uses)		681,546	13,327	 (873,769)	 1,270,846
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers From Other Funds		940,000		1,271,000	35,000
Transfers To Other Funds		(1,355,796)		(335,527)	(978,500)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses	,	(415,796)		 935,473	 (943,500)
Total other I maneing Bources (eses		(113,770)		 755,175	 () 13,300)
Special Item		1.250			
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets		1,250		 	
Net Change in Fund Balances		267,000	13,327	61,704	327,346
Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated)		15,543	522,857	15,854	,
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	282,543	\$ 536,184	\$ 77,558	\$ 327,346

LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

(Continued)				
	Public Hospital Corporation Fund	Public Properties Corporation Fund	Non- Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
•				
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$	\$	\$ 343,189	\$ 2,984,335
In Lieu Tax Payments				157,752
Licenses and Permits			71,675	76,989
Intergovernmental			190,027	3,971,450
Charges for Services		c 250	77.02.4	33,566
Miscellaneous	15 404	6,250	77,824	173,802
Interest	15,494	16,143	2,938	71,269
Total Revenues	15,494	22,393	685,653	7,469,163
EXPENDITURES				
General Government			25,500	1,942,674
Protection to Persons and Property			424,264	1,888,840
General Health and Sanitation			160,359	179,237
Social Services			8,625	43,011
Recreation and Culture			15,740	15,740
Roads				1,230,993
Airports			17,166	17,166
Debt Service		355,364	9,117	374,340
Capital Projects			89,325	393,198
Administration			129,713	803,647
Total Expenditures		355,364	879,809	6,888,846
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Expenditures Before Transfers and				
Financing Sources (Uses)	15,494	(332,971)	(194,156)	580,317
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers From Other Funds		335,527	234,296	2,815,823
Transfers To Other Funds		•	(146,000)	(2,815,823)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		335,527	88,296	
Special Item				
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets				1,250
Not Change in E J D-1	15 404	255	(105.960)	501 577
Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated)	15,494 887,572	2,556 446,007	(105,860)	581,567 2 132 951
	\$ 903,066	\$ 448,563	\$ 139,258	\$ 2,132,951 \$ 2,714,518
Tana Damnees Liming	Ψ 202,000	Ψ -170,203	Ψ 137,230	Ψ 2,117,310

LOGAN COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

LOGAN COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	581,567
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in th	e	
Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their		
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Book Value - Disposed Assets		(1,600)
Capital Outlay		722,188
Depreciation Expense		(365,302)
The repayment of principal on long-term debt consumes the current		
financial resources of governmental funds.		
Financing Obligations Principal Payments		84,360
Bond Principal Payments		125,000
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	1,146,213



LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2004

${\bf LOGAN~COUNTY}\\ {\bf STATEMENT~OF~FUND~NET~ASSETS~-PROPRIETARY~FUND~-MODIFIED~CASH~BASIS}$

June 30, 2004

	Enterprise		
	Fund		
	Jail Canteen Fund		
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	19,455	
Total Current Assets		19,455	
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital Assets:			
Vehicles and Equipment		8,632	
Less Accumulated depreciation		(777)	
Total Noncurrent Assets		7,855	
Total Assets		27,310	
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets,			
Net of Related Debt		7,855	
Unrestricted		19,455	
Total Net Assets	\$	27,310	



LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	En	Enterprise Fund		
	(Jail Canteen Fund		
Operating Revenues				
Canteen Receipts	\$	112,466		
Total Operating Revenues		112,466		
Operating Expenses				
Cost of Sales		105,527		
Educational and Recreational		9,477		
Depreciation		777		
Miscellaneous		1,047		
Total Operating Expenses		116,828		
Operating Loss		(4,362)		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Interest Income		443		
Inmate Pay From State		3,338		
Inmate Refunds		(3,338)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues				
(Expenses)		443		
Change In Net Assets		(3,919)		
Total Net Assets - Beginning		31,229		
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	27,310		



LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Enterprise Fund		
	Jail Canteen Fund		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Receipts From Customers	\$	112,466	
Cost of Sales		(105,527)	
Educational and Recreational		(9,477)	
Miscellaneous		(1,047)	
Net Cash Used By			
Operating Activities		(3,585)	
Cash Flows From Noncapital			
Financing Activities			
Inmate Pay From State		3,338	
Inmate Refunds on Accounts		(3,338)	
Net Cash Used By Noncapital			
Financing Activities			
Cash Flows From Capital and			
Related Financing Activities			
Capital Assets Purchased		(8,632)	
Net Cash Used By Capital and			
Related Financing Activities		(8,632)	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Interest Earned		443	
Net Cash Provided By			
Investing Activities		443	
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash			
Equivalents		(11,774)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2003		31,229	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2004	\$	19,455	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities			
Operating Loss Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income To Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities Depreciation Expense	\$	(4,362)	
2 optionation 2 sponso	-	,,,,	
Total Cash Used By Operating Activities	\$	(3,585)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

INDEX FOR NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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LOGAN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The county presents its government wide and fund financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets, among other items, are not reflected in the financial statements.

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and the corresponding depreciation expenses is included on the Statement of Activities.

B. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Logan County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the county is financially accountable or their exclusion would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government.

Blended Component Units

Logan County Public Properties Corporation

The Logan County Fiscal Court appoints the Public Properties Corporation's governing board and has the ability to impose its will on the governing board. In addition, the fiscal court is financially accountable and legally obligated for the debt of the Public Properties Corporation. Financial information for the Public Properties Corporation is blended within Logan County's financial statements. All activities of the Public Properties Corporation are accounted for within a major (debt service) fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Kentucky law provides for the election of officials from the geographic area constituting Logan County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices.

Additional - Logan County Elected Officials

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions and; 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

Governmental Funds

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the Fiscal Court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Governor's Office for Local Development requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck licenses distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government, other counties for housing prisoners and transfers from the General Fund. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Occupational Tax/Net Profit Tax Fund - The primary purpose for this fund is the collection of occupational tax and net profit tax.

Public Hospital Corporation Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to act as a reserve fund. This is the County's primary savings account.

Public Properties Corporation Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for bond proceeds, capital construction costs, and debt service payments.

The primary government also has the following nonmajor funds: Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Community Development Block Grant Fund, Solid Waste/ Recycling Fund, Life Skills Revolving Loan Fund, and the 911 Fund, which are presented as Special Revenue Funds.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds:

The Road Fund, Jail Fund, Occupational Tax/Net Profits Tax Fund, Public Hospital Corporation Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Community Development Block Grant Fund, Solid Waste/Recycling Fund, and Life Skills Revolving Loan Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special Revenue Funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Debt Service Fund:

The Public Properties Corporation Fund is presented as a debt service fund. The debt service fund is to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to lien and sale the 3rd Saturday in April following the delinquency date.

Proprietary Fund

The proprietary fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of the county's enterprise fund is charges to customers for sales in the Jail Canteen Fund. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. The government has elected not to adopt Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements or Interpretations issued November 30, 1989, unless the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) adopts such FASB Statements or Interpretations.

The primary government reports the following major proprietary fund:

Jail Canteen Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135(1), which allows the jailer to sell snacks, sodas, and other items to inmates. The profits generated from the sale of those items are to be used for the benefit or recreation of the inmates. KRS 441.135(2) requires the jailer to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the Jail Canteen Fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	Cap	italization	Useful Life
	T1	nreshold	(Years)
Land Improvements	\$	12,500	20-25
Buildings	\$	15,000	10-60
Building Improvements	\$	25,000	10-60
Machinery and Equipment	\$	1,000	3-25
Vehicles	\$	1,000	3-12
Infrastructure	\$	20,000	20-40

F. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent fiscal court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the fiscal court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, long-term receivables, and encumbrances.

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, however encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance.

H. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

I. Related Organizations, Joint Venture, and Jointly Governed Organization

A related organization is an entity for which a primary government is not financially accountable. It does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship, even if the primary government appoints a voting majority of the related organization's governing board. Based on these criteria, the following are considered related organizations of Logan County Fiscal Court: East Logan County Water District and North Logan County Water District, but the fiscal court's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Related Organizations, Joint Venture, and Jointly Governed Organization (Continued)

A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual agreement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility is a joint venture. Based upon these criteria, the following is considered a joint venture of the Logan County Fiscal Court: Joint City-County Planning Commission and Board of Adjustment (Planning Commission). Logan County Fiscal Court is a participant with the cities of Adairville, Auburn, Lewisburg, and Russellville. The Planning Commission is governed by an eleven member board composed of five appointees from the Logan County Fiscal Court, three appointees from the City of Russellville and one appointee each from the cities of Adairville, Auburn, and Lewisburg. All participants are obligated to pay expenses not met by Federal and State funds on a pro rata basis.

A jointly governed organization is a regional government or other multi-governmental arrangement that is governed by representatives from each of the governments that creates the organization, but that is not a joint venture because the participants do not retain an ongoing financial interest or responsibility. The Logan County Fiscal Court (Fiscal Court), in conjunction with City of Russellville (City), has created the Russellville-Logan County Airport Board (Airport Board). The Airport Board is composed of three members each from the Fiscal Court and City. On September 23, 1997, the Fiscal Court and the City guaranteed repayment of loans in the amount of \$120,000 at an interest rate of 2% per annum. The loans are for a period of ten years for the purpose of constructing capital improvements.

Note 2. Deposits

The County maintains deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). According to KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the County and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met, and as of June 30, 2004, the county's deposits were fully insured or collateralized at 100% level with collateral of pledged securities held by the county's agent in the county's name.

Note 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2004 was as follows:

	Reporting Entity									
	Beginning							Ending		
Primary Government:	Balan	ce	I1	ncreases	De	Decreases		Decreases		Balance
Governmental Activities:								_		
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:										
Land	\$ 36	4,584	\$		\$		\$	364,584		
Total Capital Assets Not Being										
Depreciated	36	4,584						364,584		
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:										
Buildings	6.58	6,392						6,586,392		
Vehicles		8,423		42,228		(10,000)		880,651		
Equipment		8,063		120,803		(10,000)		1,458,866		
Infrastructure	1,55	0,005		559,157				559,157		
Total Capital Assets Being				337,137				237,127		
Depreciated Depreciated	8,77	2,878		722,188		(10,000)		9,485,066		
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:										
Buildings	(1,56	6,644)		(145,248)				(1,711,892)		
Vehicles	* *	1,299)		(84,786)		8,400		(617,685)		
Equipment	(65)	9,070)		(116,319)				(775,389)		
Infrastructure				(18,949)				(18,949)		
		<u>.</u>								
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(2,76	7,013)		(365,302)		8,400		(3,123,915)		
Total Capital Assets, Being										
Depreciated, Net	6,00	5,865		356,886		(1,600)		6,361,151		
Governmental Activities Capital										
Assets, Net	\$ 6,37	0,449	\$	356,886	\$	(1,600)	\$	6,725,735		

Note 3. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2004 was as follows: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued) Business-Type Activities:	Beginning Balance	-	Increases		Increases Decreases			nding nlance
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Equipment	\$		\$	8,632	\$		\$	8,632
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	Ψ		Ψ	8,632	Ψ		Ψ	8,632
Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Equipment				(777)				(777)
Total Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets, Being				(777)				(777)
Depreciated, Net Business-Type Activities Capital				7,855				7,855
Assets, Net	\$	0	\$	7,855	\$ 0	_ =	\$	7,855

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 130,438
Protection to Persons and Property	107,030
General Health and Sanitation	35,083
Roads, Including Depreciation of General Infrastructure Assets	92,751
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 365,302
Business-Type Activities Jail Canteen	 777
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 777

Note 4. Long-term Debt

A. Bond

On September 1, 1998 the Logan County Public Properties Corporation issued first mortgage bonds to provide funding for the construction of the Logan County Jail. The total bond issue was in the amount of \$5,140,000, with interest rates varying between 4.25 percent and 5.1 percent. Interest is payable on March 1 and September 1 of each year. At the date of sale, there was \$24,726 in accrued interest that was remitted to the Public Properties Corporation along with the bond proceeds. Funds in the amount of \$5,138,248 were deposited into the Construction Fund account. On October 7, 1998 funds were transferred from the Construction Fund account to the Debt Reserve account in the amount of \$368,988, to the Cost of Issuance account in the amount of \$51,400, and to the Sinking Fund account in the amount of \$24,725. The bond issue provides for early redemption, with 30 days notice, on or after September 1, 2008. Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2004 totaled \$4,680,000. Future debt service requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	~	cheduled Interest		Principal Amount			
June 30		Interest		mount			
2005	\$	224,945	\$	130,000			
2006		219,314		135,000			
2007		213,435		140,000			
2008		207,162		150,000			
2009		200,490	155,000				
2010-2014		885,498		905,000			
2015-2019		635,620		1,170,000			
2020-2024		295,928		1,535,000			
2025		9,193		360,000			
Totals	\$	2,891,585	\$	4,680,000			

B. Financing Obligation

O July 1, 2000, the Logan County Fiscal Court entered into a loan agreement with the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority for \$175,917. The Fiscal Court actually drew down \$78,731. The loan was for the purpose of establishing a comprehensive recycling program for Logan County, including the cities of Russellville, Auburn and Lewisburg. The principal was \$78,731 at 2.60 percent interest for a period of ten (10) years, interest and principal paid semi-annually. Principal outstanding as June 30, 2004 totaled \$57,208. Future debt service requirements are:

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

B. Financing Obligation (Continued)

	Governmental Activities								
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	~ -	Scheduled Principa Interest Amount							
2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010-2014	\$	1,549 1,337 1,118 894 664 613	\$	7,553 7,751 7,953 8,162 8,375 17,414					
Totals	\$	6,175	\$	57,208					

C. Changes In Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2004, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds Financing Obligations	\$ 4,805,000 141,568		\$ 125,000 84,360	\$ 4,680,000 57,208	\$ 130,000 7,553
Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$ 4,946,568	\$ 0	\$ 209,360	\$ 4,737,208	\$ 137,553

Note 5. Short-term Debt

In July 2003, Logan County participated in the Kentucky Association of Counties Kentucky Advance Revenue Program by issuing a note for the General Fund in the amount of \$1,475,900, with principal being due in January 2004. The County used the borrowed funds in order to meet current General Fund expenses.

	В	eginning			Er	nding
Governmental Activities:	Balance		Additions	Reductions	Balance	
Kentucky Advanced Revenue Program	\$	0	\$ 1,475,900	\$ 1,475,900	\$	0
Governmental Activities Short-term Liabilities	\$	0	\$ 1,475,900	\$ 1,475,900	\$	0

Note 5. Short-term Debt (Continued)

In July 2003, Logan County participated in the Kentucky Association of Counties Kentucky Advance Revenue Program by issuing a note for the Road Fund in the amount of \$67,900, with principal being due in January 2004. While the County did not use the borrowed funds in order to meet current Road Fund expenses, they were able to reinvest the funds and receive interest earnings.

Beginning								
Balance Additions		ance Additions Reductions		Balance				
\$	0	\$	67,900	\$	67,900	\$	0	
\$	0	\$	67,900	\$	67,900	\$	0	
	Bala \$	Balance \$ 0	Balance A	BalanceAdditions\$ 0\$ 67,900	BalanceAdditionsReserve Additions\$0\$ 67,900\$	BalanceAdditionsReductions\$ 0\$ 67,900\$ 67,900	Balance Additions Reductions Balance \$ 0 \$ 67,900 \$ 67,900 \$	

Note 6. Interest On Short-term Debt, Long-term Debt and Financing Obligations

Debt Service on the Statement of Activities includes \$9,859 on short-term debt, \$1,757 in interest on financing obligations and \$230,364 in interest on bonds.

Note 7. Employee Retirement System

The county has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Non-hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for non-hazardous employees was 7.34 percent. Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 18.51 percent.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for non-hazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for non-hazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement System, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 8. Deferred Compensation

On June 13, 2000, the Logan County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate. These deferred compensation plans permit all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is present in the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 105 Sea Hero Road, Suite 1, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601-8862, or by telephone at (502)573-7925.

Note 9. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, Logan County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 10. Changes in Accounting Principles

The county has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements 33, 34 and 37, as they relate to the modified cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1, which has altered the format and content of the basic financial statements.

The beginning net asset balance for governmental activities was \$3,556,832 and the beginning fund balance was \$2,132,951 for an increase of \$1,423,881 that was due to capital assets previously omitted. The beginning net asset balance of the business-type activities was \$31,229 and the beginning cash and cash equivalent balance was \$31,229.



LOGAN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES - MAJOR FUNDS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LOGAN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES - MAJOR FUNDS Required Supplementary Information Modified Cash Basis

	GENERAL FUND								
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive					
	Original	Final	Basis)	(Negative)					
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$ 1,218,150	\$ 1,218,150	\$ 1,322,936	\$ 104,786					
In Lieu Tax Payments	104,200	104,200	157,752	53,552					
Licenses and Permits	7,700	7,700	5,314	(2,386)					
Intergovernmental Revenue	1,496,901	1,719,830	1,492,627	(227,203)					
Miscellaneous	24,000	24,000	40,875	16,875					
Interest	26,500	26,500	16,209	(10,291)					
Total Revenues	2,877,451	3,100,380	3,035,713	(64,667)					
EXPENDITURES									
General Government	1,949,197	1,973,279	1,862,413	110,866					
Protection to Persons and Property	87,804	195,309	189,605	5,704					
General Health and Sanitation	300	18,878	18,878						
Social Services	388,276	388,276	34,386	353,890					
Debt Service	1,484,450	1,485,325	1,485,325						
Capital Projects		66,000		66,000					
Administration	233,502	239,391	238,210	1,181					
Total Expenditures	4,143,529	4,366,458	3,828,817	537,641					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over									
Expenditures Before Transfers and									
Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,266,078)	(1,266,078)	(793,104)	472,974					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Kentucky Advanced Revenue Program Receipts	1,475,900	1,475,900	1,475,900						
Transfers From Other Funds	1,373,073	1,373,073	940,000	(433,073)					
Transfers To Other Funds	(1,592,895)	(1,592,895)	(1,355,796)	237,099					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,256,078	1,256,078	1,060,104	(195,974)					
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(10,000)	(10,000)	267,000	277,000					
Fund Balances - Beginning	10,000	10,000	15,543	5,543					
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 282,543	\$ 282,543					

Reconciliation of General Fund Budgetary Statement To Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balances - Governmental Funds - Modified Cash Basis

Total Revenues Per Budgetary Statement	\$ 3,035,713	
Less: Proceeds from disposal of capital asset	 (1,250)	\$ 3,034,463
Total Expenditures Per Budgetary Statement	\$ 3,828,817	
Less: Kentucky Advanced Revenue Program Repayment	 (1,475,900)	(2,352,917)
Kentucky Advanced Revenue Program Receipts	1,475,900	
Less: Kentucky Advanced Revenue Program Proceeds	(1,475,900)	0
Budgetary Statement Transfer To Other Funds		(1,355,796)
Budgetary Statement Transfer From Other Funds		940,000
Special Item: Proceeds from disposal of capital asset		1,250
Beginning Fund Balance Per Budgetary Statement		 15,543
Ending Fund Balance Per Budgetary Statement and Statement		
of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances		\$ 282,543

ROAD FUND							
Budgeted Original	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Final Basis)			Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)		
\$ 1377.055	\$ 1.508	055 \$	1 716 286	\$	208,231		
				Ψ	667		
					541		
1,396,296			1,736,735		209,439		
500		500	305		195		
1,405,600	1,471,	195	1,230,993		240,202		
68,300	68,	334	68,334				
180,000	303,	873	303,873				
332,500	273,	998	187,803		86,195		
1,986,900	2,117,	900	1,791,308		326,592		
(590,604)	(590,	604)	(54,573)		536,031		
67,900	67,	900	67,900				
67,900			67,900				
(522.704)	(522)	704)	12 227		536,031		
			*		153		
322,704			322,037		133		
\$ 0	\$	0 \$	536,184	\$	536,184		
- Governmental epayment s roceeds	\$ 1,791, (67,	\$ 308 900) 900	(1,723,408) 0 522,857				
	S 1,377,055	Budgeted Amounts Original Final \$ 1,377,055 \$ 1,508,700 18,541 18, 1,396,296 1,527, 500 1,405,600 1,471,68,300 68,180,000 303,332,500 273,1,986,900 2,117, (590,604) (590,604) (590,607,607,900 67,	Budgeted Amounts	Sudgeted Amounts	Budgeted Amounts Amounts Final Amounts Final Po		

	JAIL FUND							
	Budge Original		Amounts Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Fin F	ance with al Budget Positive egative)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	399,203	\$	399,203	\$	572,510	\$	173,307
Charges for Services	Ф	35,200	Ф	35,200	Ф	33,566	Ф	
Miscellaneous		36,600		36,600		38,671		(1,634) 2,071
Interest		900		900		805		(95)
Total Revenues		471,903		471,903		645,552		173,649
EXPENDITURES								
Protection to Persons and Property		1,401,420		1,398,006		1,274,971		123,035
Debt Service		335,624		335,529		, ,		335,529
Administration		248,943		252,452		244,350		8,102
Total Expenditures		1,985,987		1,985,987		1,519,321		466,666
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures Before Transfers and								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,514,084)		(1,514,084)		(873,769)		640,315
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers To Other Funds						(335,527)		(335,527)
Transfers From Other Funds		1,499,084		1,499,084		1,271,000		(228,084)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,499,084		1,499,084		935,473		(563,611)
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(15,000)		(15,000)		61,704		76,704
Fund Balances - Beginning		15,000		15,000		15,854		854
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	77,558	\$	77,558

	OCCUPATIONAL TAX/ NET PROFIT TAX FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budge Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	1,178,100	\$	1,178,100	\$	1,318,210	\$	140,110
Licenses and Permits	_	8,500	_	8,500	_	-,,	T	(8,500)
Miscellaneous		- ,		-,		10,065		10,065
Interest		4,500		4,500		598		(3,902)
Total Revenues		1,191,100		1,191,100		1,328,873		137,773
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		85,000		79,656		54,456		25,200
Administration		185,492		190,836		3,571		187,265
Total Expenditures		270,492		270,492		58,027		212,465
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Transfers and								
Financing Sources (Uses)		920,608		920,608		1,270,846		350,238
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers From Other Funds						25,000		25,000
Transfers From Other Funds Transfers To Other Funds		(020, (09)		(020, (00)		35,000		35,000
		(920,608)		(920,608)		(978,500)		(57,892)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(920,608)		(920,608)		(943,500)		(22,892)
Net Changes in Fund Balances Fund Balances - Beginning						327,346		327,346
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	327,346	\$	327,346

	PUBLIC HOSPITAL CORPORATION FUND								
					A	Actual mounts, udgetary	Fin	ance with al Budget Positive	
	(Original		Final	Basis)		(Negative)		
REVENUES									
Interest	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	15,494	\$	5,494	
Total Revenues		10,000		10,000		15,494		5,494	
EXPENDITURES									
Administration		449,301		449,301				449,301	
Total Expenditures		449,301		449,301				449,301	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Transfers and									
Financing Sources (Uses)		(439,301)		(439,301)		15,494		454,795	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers From Other Funds						35,000		35,000	
Transfers to Other Funds		(455,965)		(455,965)		(35,000)		420,965	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(455,965)		(455,965)				455,965	
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(895,266)		(895,266)		15,494		910,760	
Fund Balances - Beginning		895,266		895,266		887,572		(7,694)	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	903,066	\$	903,066	

LOGAN COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2004

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.



LOGAN COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2004

LOGAN COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2004

	Gow Ecc Ass	Local ernment onomic istance Fund	nmunity Block welopment Grant Fund	Solid Waste ecycling Fund	Life Skills evolving Loan Fund	911 Fund	Gov	Total on-Major ernmental Funds
ASSEIS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,138	\$ 0	\$ 78,486	\$ 15,068	\$ 42,566	\$	139,258
Total Assets	\$	3,138	\$ 0	\$ 78,486	\$ 15,068	\$ 42,566	\$	139,258
FUND BALANCES Reserved for:								
Encumbrances	\$	2,488	\$ 0	\$ 9,677	\$ 0	\$ 11,827	\$	23,992
Unreserved:								
Special Revenue Funds		650		 68,809	15,068	 30,739		115,266
Total Fund Balances	\$	3,138	\$ 0	\$ 78,486	\$ 15,068	\$ 42,566	\$	139,258



LOGAN COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

LOGAN COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Government Economic Assistance Fund	Community Block Development Grant Fund	Solid Waste Recycling Fund		
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$	\$	\$		
License and Permits			71,675		
Intergovernmental	54,445	89,325	46,257		
Miscellaneous	38		54,534		
Interest	234		2,037		
Total Revenues	54,717	89,325	174,503		
EXPENDITURES					
General Government	25,500				
Protection to Persons and Property					
General Health and Sanitation	48,336		112,023		
Social Services	8,625				
Recreation and Culture	15,740				
Airports	17,166				
Debt Service			9,117		
Capital Projects		89,325			
Administration	10,353		20,623		
Total Expenditures	125,720	89,325	141,763		
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues Over					
Expenditures Before Other					
Financing Sources (Uses)	(71,003)		32,740		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers To Other Funds			(146,000)		
Transfers From Other Funds	54,500				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	54,500		(146,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(16,503)		(113,260)		
Fund Balances - Beginning	19,641		191,746		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 3,138	\$ 0	\$ 78,486		

LOGAN COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information For The Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

Life Skills Revolving	011		Total on-Major	
Loan	911	Governmental		
<u>Fund</u>	 Fund		Funds	
\$	\$ 343,189	\$	343,189	
			71,675	
			190,027	
14,900	8,352		77,824	
168	 499		2,938	
15,068	 352,040		685,653	
			25,500	
	424,264		424,264	
	424,204		160,359	
			8,625	
			15,740	
			17,166	
			9,117	
			89,325	
	98,737		129,713	
	 523,001		879,809	
	323,001		077,007	
15,068	(170,961)		(194,156)	
			(146,000)	
	179,796		234,296	
	 179,796		88,296	
	 ,		,	
15,068	8,835		(105,860)	
- ,,,,,	33,731		245,118	
\$ 15,068	\$ 42,566	\$	139,258	



COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

LOGAN COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

2004-1 The Fiscal Court Should Repay The Jail Canteen Fund \$188 For Inmate Medical Treatment

During testing of Jail Canteen Fund expenditures, auditor noted expenditure for replacement of inmate glasses at a cost of \$188, paid from the Jail Canteen. Upon discussion with the Jailer, it was noted that the fiscal court had passed a fiscal court order disallowing expenditures for inmate glasses from the Jail Fund. Medical treatment such as the replacement of glasses is required to be paid from the Jail Fund. KRS 441.045 (3) states "the cost of providing necessary medical, dental, and psychological care for indigent prisoners in the jail shall be paid from the jail budget." The Jail Fund may be reimbursed for medical costs as KRS 441.045 (12) states "Notwithstanding other provisions of this section to the contrary, a jail may impose a reasonable fee for the use of jail medical facilities by a prisoner who has the ability to pay for the medical care. These funds may be deducted from the prisoner's inmate account. A prisoner shall not be denied medical treatment because he has insufficient funds on his inmate account. This subsection shall not preclude other recovery of funds as provided in this section." We recommend the fiscal court repay the Jail Canteen Fund \$188 for inmate medical treatment and for the Jail Fund to provide such medical treatment in the future.

County Judge/Executive John Guion's Response: The Fiscal Court is fully aware if eyeglasses have to be purchased for an inmate, that it is a medical expense and must be paid from the Jail Budget. The Fiscal Court will repay the Jail Canteen Fund \$188 for medical treatment and in the future this type of expenditure will be made from the Jail Budget.

County Jailer Bill Jenkins' Response: I attempted to advise that eyeglasses were a medical expense, unauthorized for canteen. I agree with the auditor finding in this expenditure. There will be no further purchases for eyeglasses from the Jail Canteen Fund.

LOGAN COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS June 30, 2004 (Continued)

STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS (Continued)

2004-2 The Fiscal Court Should Repay The Jail Canteen Fund \$1,990 For Inmate Hygiene Products

During discussion with the Jailer, auditor was notified that female hygiene items and other hygiene products were not to be purchased from the Jail Fund per order of the fiscal court, however, inmate hygiene products must be provided by the Jail Fund. 501 KAR 3:080 (10) states:

All inmates assigned to inmate living areas shall be issued or permitted to obtain the following hygienic items:

- (a) Soap.
- (b) Toothbrush.
- (c) Toothpaste.
- (d) Toilet paper.
- (e) Female sanitary supplies (where applicable).

Indigent inmates shall be furnished these items by the jail.

The Jail Fund is reimbursed these costs through inmate reimbursements. The Jail Fund in fiscal year 2002-2003 spent \$2,769 for inmate hygiene. In fiscal year 2003-2004 the Jail Fund spent \$0 on inmate hygiene. After reviewing jail canteen fund invoices, auditor determined that \$1,990 is approximately what the Jail Canteen Fund spent in fiscal year 2003-2004 for inmate hygiene products. We recommend the Jail Fund repay the Jail Canteen Fund \$1,990 for inmate hygiene products and that the Jail Fund provide inmate hygiene products in the future.

County Judge/Executive John Guion's Response: In the future all inmate hygiene products will be bought and paid for from the Jail Fund. The Jail Fund will repay the Jail Canteen Fund \$1,990 for hygiene products paid for from the Jail Canteen Fund in fiscal year 03-04.

County Jailer Bill Jenkins' Response: I advised the court that hygiene items that were <u>basic needs</u> of all prisoners must be purchased from the Jail Fund. I was told to use canteen funds. We now have a line item in the jail budget, \$4,000, for hygiene expense.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



The Honorable John H. Guion, III, Logan County Judge/Executive Members of the Logan County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Logan County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 6, 2005. Logan County presents its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting that is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Logan County's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be a material weakness.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Logan County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing opinions on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such opinions. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and are described in the comments and recommendations.

- Reference Number 2004-1: The Fiscal Court Should Repay The Jail Canteen Fund \$188 For Inmate Medical Treatment
- Reference Number 2004-2: The Fiscal Court Should Repay The Jail Canteen Fund \$1,990 For Inmate Hygiene Products

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Kentucky Governor's Office for Local Development and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

Audit fieldwork completed - July 6, 2005

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

LOGAN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

LOGAN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

The Logan County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Name

County Judge/Executive

Name

County Treasurer